



SIGHT SEEING
SURROUNDING "MISTY MEADOWS RESORTS".

Special offers

2 NIGHT 3 DAYS

FIRST DAY (SIGHT SEEN)

CHECK IN 12.00

Refreshment and going to 3.00 pm (All sight seen detained your time availability)

DAY-1

KASAULI

This small hill station seems to live in time warp that belongs to the 19th century. At 3647 m, the peak of Choor Chandni also called the Choordhar powerfully dominates the lower hills and across the undulating ranges, Shimla is visible. *The upper and lower malls run through Kasauli's length and one can enjoy long walks.*

PLACE OF INTREST IN KASAULI

MONKEY POINT: a hill which derives its name from Rishi Man-Ki who used to worship an idol of Lord Hanuman.

OTHER ATTRACTIONS: Christ and the Baptist Church are examples of Kasauli's colonial architecture.

BABA BALAK NATH TEMPLE: 3 km on the Hill top is a famous temple of Sidh Baba Balak Nath.

SHIRDI SAI BABA MANDIR: Built in 1989 the famous temple is located half km away from Garkhal.

LAWRENCE SCHOOL: Situated on top of the hill is the famous Lawrence School. Mr. Henry Lawrence was the founder of this school. He also built the first cottage in Kasauli known as Sunny Side in 1848.



DAY-2

BON MONESTERY

DOLANJI BON MONASTERY (18 km) : On Resort – Occh ghat road there is a small village known as Ochhghat. 2km from here on Narag-Sarahan road, located at famous Bon Monastery known 'Yungdrung Bon Monastery' being run by Yungdrung Bon Monastic Centre. On the eve of New Year and on other occasions three sacred Bon dances are performed here which are of great attraction.



JATOLI (15 km): 14 km from Resort this small but beautiful village on Solan - Rajgarh road famous for Vishal Shiva temple



SOLAN-The history of Solan goes back to the era of Pandawas. According to local folklore, Pandavas lived here during their exile. In 1815 British won Baghat state (now Solan) from the Gurkhas, Gurkha fort or Arki Fort is still standing tall on a mountain near to Solan city and it is one of the popular historic tourist attractions of Solan. The town has been a capital of the princely Baghat State. The word Baghat is derived from Bau or Bahu, meaning "many", and Ghat meaning "pass". Initially the state headquarters of the Baghat State was located at Bhoch in the Bhuchali pargana, but the headquarters of the state was shifted to Solan after the construction of cantonment over here. The railway was set up in 1902. The evolution of solan City can be understood in the following order or sequence :-

- Establishment of a cantonment area at Solan by Britishers.
- Establishing Solan brewery in 1855 due to availability of excellent quality mineral water.
- Shifting of the headquarters of Baghat State from Bhoch to Solan.

- *Start of Kalka-Shimla rail line in 1902.*
- *Start transportation activity on Kalka-Solan-Shimla road.*
- *The urban local body i.e. Municipal Council Solan came into existence in 1950.*
- *Solan became an independent district on 1 September 1972, and the town of Solan became the district headquarters*

TOURIST PLACES IN SOLAN-

SHOOLINI TEMPLE-



Mohan Shakti National Heritage Park (in Hart, 12 km from Solan)- *Hart Village*
[Shakti Sthal on NH 22 between Kalka and Shimla, Solan, India. (1 hour in cab to cover the
distance of 25 kms) From Misty meadows to Heritage temple.



Plan's

CPAI (Only Breakfast)	Rs.4,200/- Per Person
MAPAI (Breakfast + Dinner)	Rs.5,300/-Per Person

- Tax inclusive.
- Facility available for pick up/ drop from Kalka railway station to hotel (one way ride) Rs.2000/- medium size car.
- Mohali Airport to hotel (one way ride) Rs. 3000/- medium size car.
- Cars available for local trips to Shimla/Chail and other places.
- Transportation cost of taxi would be extra.
- Tariff is subject to change prior short notice.

“THANKS FOR VISIT FOR US”